IN THE CLAIMS:

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1. [1] (Currently amended) A substituted Sym-triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (1):

{formula 1}

$$R_{1}$$
 R_{2}
 R_{3}
 R_{4}
 R_{4}
 R_{4}
 R_{5}
 R_{5}

+wherein R₁, R₂, R₃ and R₄ are each independently hydrogen, halogen, C1-C6 alkyl group, C1-C6 haloalkyl group, substituted C1-C6 alkyl group, C2-C6 alkenyl group, substituted C2-C6 alkenyl group, C2-C6 alkynyl group, substituted C2-C6 alkynyl group, hydroxyl group, C1-C6 alkoxy group, aryloxy group, amino group, mono-substituted amino group, disubstituted amino group, acylamino group, mercapto group, C1-C6 alkylsulfenyl group, C1-C6 haloalkylsulfenyl group, arylsulfenyl group, substituted arylsulfenyl group, C1-C6 alkylsulfinyl group, C1-C6 haloalkylsulfinyl group, aralkylsulfenyl group, arylsulfinyl group, substituted arylsulfinyl

group, C1-C6 alkylsulfonyl group, C1-C6 haloalkylsulfonyl group, arylsulfonyl group, substituted arylsulfonyl group, sulfonic acid group (hydroxysulfonyl group), aryl group, substituted aryl group, cyano group, nitro group, formyl group, acyl group, carboxyl group, C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl group, carbamoyl group, N-mono-substituted carbamoyl group, N,N-disubstituted carbamoyl group, hydrazonomethyl group (-CH=N-NH2 group), N-mono-substituted hydrazonomethyl group, N,N-disubstituted hydrazonomethyl group, oximemethyl group (hydroxyiminomethyl group), C1-C6 alkoxyiminomethyl group, or aryloxyiminomethyl group; R₅ is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group, or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; wherein, in no event, all of R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 are hydrogen simultaneously.

15 <u>2.{2}</u> (Currently amended) A process for producing a substituted Sym-triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (1):

{formula 3}

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_1 & R_2 \\
R_5 & R_4 \\
R_4 & R_5 \\
R_1 & R_5 \\
R_4 & R_2
\end{array}$$
(1)

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+wherein R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 are each independently hydrogen, halogen, C1-C6 alkyl group, C1-C6 haloalkyl group, substituted C1-C6 alkyl group, C2-C6 alkenyl group, substituted C2-C6 alkenyl group, C2-C6 alkynyl group, substituted C2-C6 alkynyl group, hydroxyl group, C1-C6 alkoxy group, aryloxy mono-substituted amino group, amino group, group, disubstituted amino group, acylamino group, mercapto group, C1-C6 alkylsulfenyl group, C1-C6 haloalkylsulfenyl group, aralkylsulfenyl group, arylsulfenyl group, substituted arylsulfenyl group, C1-C6 alkylsulfinyl group, C1-C6 haloalkylsulfinyl group, arylsulfinyl group, substituted arylsulfinyl group, C1-C6 alkylsulfonyl group, C1-C6 haloalkylsulfonyl group, arylsulfonyl group, substituted arylsulfonyl group, sulfonic acid group (hydroxysulfonyl group), aryl group, substituted aryl group, cyano group, nitro group, formyl group,

acyl group, carboxyl group, C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl group, carbamoyl group, N-mono-substituted carbamoyl group, N,N-disubstituted carbamoyl group, hydrazonomethyl group (-CH=N-NH2 group), N-mono-substituted hydrazonomethyl group, N,N-disubstituted hydrazonomethyl group, oximemethyl group (hydroxyiminomethyl group), C1-C6 alkoxyiminomethyl group, or aryloxyiminomethyl group; R_5 is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group, or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; wherein, in no event, all of R_1 , R_2 , R_3 and R_4 are hydrogen simultaneously), which process comprises reacting a substituted oxyindole represented by the following general formula (2):

[formula 2]

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_3 & R_4 \\
R_2 & R_1 & R_5
\end{array}$$
(2)

-(wherein R_1 , R_2 , R_3 , R_4 and R_5 have the same definitions as given above), with a phosphorus oxyhalide.

 $3.{3}$ (Currently amended) A Sym-triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (3):

{formula 4}

$$R_6$$
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_6
 R_6

(wherein R_5 is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group, or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; and R_6 is hydrogen, formyl group, cyano group, C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl group, dicyanovinyl group, aryl group or substituted aryl group).

 $\underline{4.\{4\}}$ (Currently amended) A process for producing a Symtriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (7):

$$R_7$$
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7
 R_7

(wherein R_5 is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; and R_7 is hydrogen, formyl group, cyano group, C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl group, aryl group or substituted aryl group), which process comprises reacting an N-substituted-5-halo-oxyindole represented by the following general formula (4):

[formula 5]

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(wherein R_5 has the same definition as given above; and X is halogen), with a phosphorus oxyhalide to obtain an N-substituted-5-halo-triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (5):

[formula 6]

(wherein R_5 and X have the same definitions as given above), and further—reacting the derivative of general formula (5) it with a boric acid compound represented by the following general formula (6):

5 [formula 7]

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_7 & OR_a \\
OR_b
\end{array}$$
(6)

(wherein R_7 has the same definition as give above; and R_a and R_b are each independently hydrogen atom, C1-C6 alkyl group or optionally substituted phenyl group and may be combined to each other to form a ring).

10 <u>5.{5}</u> (Currently amended) A process for producing a Symtriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (7):

[formula 11]

$$R_7$$
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_7
 R_7

(wherein R_5 is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; and R_7 is hydrogen, formyl group, cyano group, C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl group, aryl group or substituted aryl group), which process comprises reacting an N-substituted-5-halo-triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (5):

[formula 9]

(wherein R_5 has the same definition as given above; and X is halogen), with a boric acid compound represented by the fol-

lowing general formula (6):

[formula 10]

$$R_7$$
 B OR_a OR_b OR_b

(wherein R_7 has the same definition as given above; and R_a and R_b are each independently hydrogen atom, C1-C6 alkyl group or optionally substituted phenyl group and may be combined to each other to form a ring).

<u>6.</u>{6} (Currently amended) A process for producing an N-substituted-5-halo-triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (5):

[formula 13]

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$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_5 & X \\
X & R_5 \\
R_5 & X
\end{array} (5)$$

(wherein R₅ is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl
group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; and
X is halogen), which process comprises reacting an N-

substituted-5-halo-oxyindole represented by the following general formula (4):

{formula 12}

$$X \longrightarrow P_{N}$$
 (4)

-(wherein R_5 and X have the same definitions as given above).

with a phosphorus oxyhalide.

 $7.\{7\}$ (Currently amended) A process for producing a Symtriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (10):

{formula 16}

$$R_8$$
 R_9
 R_5
 R_5
 R_8
 R_9
 R_9
 R_9
 R_8

10 +wherein R_5 is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl

group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; R_8 is hydrogen or cyano group; and R_9 is cyano group, carboxylic acid group, C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl group, aryloxycarbonyl group, aryl group or substituted aryl group), which process comprises reacting a triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (8):

{formula 14}

OHC
$$R_5$$
 N
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_5
 R_6
 R_7
 R_8

+wherein R_5 has the same definition as given above+ $\underline{\prime}$ with a methylene compound represented by the general formula (9):

10 [formula 15]

$$R_8 \cap R_9$$
 (9)

(wherein R_8 and R_9 have the same definitions as give above). 8.[8] (Currently amended) A Sym-triindole vinyl derivative represented by the following general formula (11):

[formula 17]

$$R_{10} \longrightarrow R_{10}$$

$$R_{10} \longrightarrow R$$

(wherein R_8 is hydrogen or cyano group; R_9 is cyano group, carboxylic acid group, C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl group, aryloxycarbonyl group, arylogroup or substituted aryl group; and R_{10} is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group).

9.[9] (Currently amended) A process for producing a Symtriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (11):

$$R_{10} \xrightarrow{R_{10}} R_{10}$$

(wherein R₈ is hydrogen or cyano group; R₉ is cyano group, carboxylic acid group, C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl group, aryloxy-carbonyl group, aryl group or substituted aryl group; and R₁₀ is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group), which process comprises reacting an oxyindole compound represented by the following general formula (12):

[formula 18]

(wherein R_{10} has the same definition as given above and X is 10 halogen), with a phosphorus oxyhalide to obtain a Sym-halotriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (13):

{formula 19}

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & X \\
 & X \\
 & X \\
 & X \\
 & X
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & X \\
 & R_{10} \\
 & X
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & X \\
 & R_{10} \\
 & X
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
 & X \\
 & X
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & X \\
 & X
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & X \\
 & X
\end{array}$$

(wherein R_{10} and X have the same definitions as given above), subjecting the derivative of general formula (13) it to formy-lation with a formylating agent in the presence of butyllithium to obtain a Sym-formyltriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (14):

[formula 20]

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OHC
$$R_{10}$$
 R_{10} R_{10}

(wherein R_{10} has the same definition as given above), and reacting the derivative of general formula (14) it with a methylene compound represented by the following general formula (9):

[formula 21]

$R_8 \cap R_9$ (9)

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10

(wherein R_8 and R_9 have the same definitions as given above). [10]10.(Currently amended) A process for producing a Symtriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (11):

[formula 25]

$$R_{8}$$

$$R_{9}$$

$$R_{10}$$

$$R_{$$

(wherein R_8 is hydrogen or cyano group; R_9 is cyano group, carboxylic acid group, C1-C6 alkoxycarbonyl group, aryloxy-carbonyl group, aryl group or substituted aryl group; and R_{10} is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group), which process comprises reacting a Sym-formyltriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (14):

{formula 23}

OHC
$$R_{10}$$
 R_{10} R_{10}

(wherein R_{10} has the same definition as given above), with a methylene compound represented by the following general formula (9):

5 [formula 24]

$R_8 R_9$ (9)

(wherein R_8 and R_9 have the same definitions as given above). 11.{11} (Currently amended) A process for producing a Sym-formyltriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (14):

10 [formula 27]

OHC
$$R_{10}$$
 R_{10} R_{10}

(wherein R_{10} is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 substituted—alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group), which process comprises subjecting a Sym-halotriindole derivative represented by the following general formula (13):

[formula-26]

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-(wherein R_{10} has the same definition as given above and X is halogen), to formylation with a formylating agent in the presence of butyllithium.

10 12.{12} (Currently amended) A Sym-triindole derivative represented by the following

general formula (15):

{formula 28}

$$R_{10}$$
 R_{10}
 R_{10}
 R_{10}
 R_{10}
 R_{10}
 R_{11}

(wherein R_{10} is C2-C12 alkyl group, <u>substituted C2-C12 substituted alkyl group</u>, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; and R_{11} is aryl group or substituted aryl group).

13.{13} (Currently amended) A process for producing a Sym-triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (15):

{formula 31}

$$R_{10}$$
 R_{10}
 R_{10}
 R_{10}
 R_{10}
 R_{10}
 R_{11}

+wherein R_{10} is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; and R_{11} is aryl group or substituted aryl group+, which process comprises reacting a Sym-halo-triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (13):

{formula 29}

5

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{10} & X \\
\hline
 & R_{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_{10} & X \\
\hline
 & X
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_{10} & X \\
\hline
 & X
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_{10} & X \\
\hline
 & X
\end{array}$$

+wherein R_{10} has the same definition as given above and X is halogen+ with an acetylene derivative represented by the following general formula (16):

{formula 30}

$$R_{11} - R_{12}$$
 (16)

+wherein R_{11} has the same definition as given above and R_{12} is hydrogen or trimethylsilyl group+.

14.[14] (Currently amended) A Sym-halo-triindole derivative represented by the following general formula (13):

[formula 32]

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
R_{10} & X \\
\hline
 & R_{10}
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_{10} & X \\
\hline
 & X
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_{10} & X \\
\hline
 & X
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{c}
R_{10} & X \\
\hline
 & X
\end{array}$$

+wherein R_{10} is C2-C12 alkyl group, substituted C2-C12 alkyl group, C2-C12 haloalkyl group or aryl C1-C6 alkyl group; and X is halogen+.